13th January 2021

2021 Update

We’d like to start by wishing everyone a happy and healthy 2021. As we all know, the global situation with Covid remains unpredictable, fast-changing and very challenging on many levels. However, with the promise of a vaccine now rolling out, there is cause for optimism and hope for a return to travel and a degree of Covid-normality this year.

As always, the health and safety of our travellers, tour leaders, staff and suppliers remain our top priority. We are planning our return to running tours this year, after one successful and safe tour to Scotland in September 2020. Our full return to tour operation will continue to be conducted in a safe and responsible way.

We have reviewed all our health and safety policies and have implemented new minimum standards that emphasise increased hygiene and sanitation and social distancing. We have been awarded the Travel Britain Good To Go Industry Standard mark, meaning that our business has followed UK government and industry COVID-19 guidelines, has a Risk Assessment in place and a process to maintain cleanliness and aid social distancing. These are in also line with recommendations from the World Health Organization.

All future trips in any destination will follow these protocols, while leaders and suppliers will complete COVID-19 health and safety training.

Before travelling, we recommend you check your government’s travel advisory and the World Health Organization website for the most up to date information about destinations and permitted travel from each country.

We are closely following developments on a daily basis and are more than happy to answer your calls or emails. We are all still working from home, in accordance with government regulations, but are available and happy to answer your calls and emails.

Your safety remains our top priority.

The Company is registered in England and Wales. The Company number is 5973148. VAT number 899 1517 68
The World Health Organisation website has rolling updates and statistics on COVID-19 around the world. The following advice is from their website.

What to do to keep yourself and others safe from COVID-19

- Maintain at least a 1-metre distance between yourself and others to reduce your risk of infection when they cough, sneeze or speak. Maintain an even greater distance between yourself and others when indoors. The further away, the better.

- Make wearing a mask a normal part of being around other people. The appropriate use, storage and cleaning or disposal are essential to make masks as effective as possible.

- Here are the basics of **how to wear a mask**
  - Clean your hands before you put your mask on, as well as before and after you take it off, and after you touch it at any time.
  - Make sure it covers both your nose, mouth and chin.
  - When you take off a mask, store it in a clean plastic bag, and every day either wash it if it’s a fabric mask, or dispose of a medical mask in a trash bin.
  - Don’t use masks with valves.

- For specifics on what type of mask to wear and when, read our Q&A and watch our videos. There is also a Q&A focused on masks and children.

- Find out more about the science of how COVID-19 infects people and our bodies react by watching or reading this interview.

- For specific advice for decision makers, see WHO’s technical guidance.

How to make your environment safer

- Avoid the 3Cs: spaces that are **closed**, **crowded** or involve **close contact**.
  - Outbreaks have been reported in restaurants, choir practices, fitness classes, nightclubs, offices and places of worship where people have gathered, often in crowded indoor settings where they talk loudly, shout, breathe heavily or sing.
  - The risks of getting COVID-19 are higher in crowded and inadequately ventilated spaces where infected people spend long periods of time together in close proximity. These environments are where the virus appears to spread by respiratory droplets or aerosols more efficiently, so taking precautions is even more important.

- Meet people **outside**. Outdoor gatherings are safer than indoor ones, particularly if indoor spaces are small and without outdoor air coming in.
For more information on how to hold events like family gatherings, children’s football games and family occasions, read our Q&A on small public gatherings.

- **Avoid crowded or indoor settings** but if you can’t, then take precautions:
  - Open a window. *Increase the amount of ‘natural ventilation’ when indoors.*
- **WHO has published Q&As on ventilation and air conditioning for both the general public and people who manage public spaces and buildings.**
  - Wear a mask (see above for more details).

Don’t forget the basics of good hygiene

- **Regularly and thoroughly clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand rub or wash them with soap and water.** This eliminates germs including viruses that may be on your hands.
- **Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth.** Hands touch many surfaces and can pick up viruses. Once contaminated, hands can transfer the virus to your eyes, nose or mouth. From there, the virus can enter your body and infect you.
- **Cover your mouth and nose with your bent elbow or tissue when you cough or sneeze.** Then dispose of the used tissue immediately into a closed bin and wash your hands. By following good ‘respiratory hygiene’, you protect the people around you from viruses, which cause colds, flu and COVID-19.
- **Clean and disinfect surfaces frequently especially those which are regularly touched,** such as door handles, faucets and phone screens.

What to do if you feel unwell

- **Know the full range of symptoms of COVID-19.** The most common symptoms of COVID-19 are fever, dry cough, and tiredness. Other symptoms that are less common and may affect some patients include loss of taste or smell, aches and pains, headache, sore throat, nasal congestion, red eyes, diarrhoea, or a skin rash.
- **Stay home and self-isolate even if you have minor symptoms such as cough, headache, mild fever,** until you recover. Call your health care provider or hotline for advice. Have someone bring you supplies. If you need to leave your house or have someone near you, wear a medical mask to avoid infecting others.
- **If you have a fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical attention immediately. Call by telephone first, if you can** and follow the directions of your local health authority.
- **Keep up to date on the latest information from trusted sources, such as WHO or your local and national health authorities.** Local and national authorities and public health units are best placed to advise on what people in your area should be doing to protect themselves.